

Chapter 5 discussion questions. These are to be used to guide your reading and will use them for class discussions. I suggest that you use post-it notes in your book for your answers as you read.

1. Explain the impact of the French and Indian War had on Britain. What did the British request of the colonists? Were these requests unjustified or justified? Be able to explain.(pg. 152)
 2. Why did the Britain propose the Proclamation of 1763 [ID]? Why do you think some historians say this was the first cause of the American Revolution? (pg. 154)
 3. What caused Pontiac's War? (pg. 154-155)
 4. What ultimately ended Pontiac's Rebellion? (pg. 155)
 5. Describe the response of the Paxton Boys. (pg. 155)
 6. Were the Natives goals ultimately met? Explain (pg. 155)
 7. Why do you think the “settlers found ominous”, Greenville's Sugar Act? (pg. 155)
 8. What was the purpose of the Molasses Act? (pg. 155)
 9. What was the problem with the use of paper money in the eyes of the British? (pg. 155)
 10. The Quartering Act had a lasting impact on American history. What evidence can you cite to prove this statement? (pg. 156 and prior knowledge from Civics)
 11. How did Grenville argue the Stamp Tax was legal? [ID] (pg. 156)
 12. When the Stamp Act was suggested, the colonies began petitioning the British Crown. This was illegal. Later the new U.S. would address this problem. Why do you think this would be a problem? (pg. 157)
 13. What did the Stamp Act Congress propose? How did they define virtual representation? [ID] (pg. 157)
 14. The colonists used violence and intimidation to force the British to repeal the Stamp Act. List some methods they used. [ID](pg. 158)
 15. To get Parliament to repeal the Stamp Act, the Prime Minister had to use finesse with Parliament and the King. The Declaratory Act was the bargaining chip. How do you think the colonists will react to this? [ID] (pg. 158)
 16. What precedent did the crisis over the Stamp Tax set? (pg. 160)
 17. Why would Townsend want to free Royal governors from dependence on colonial assemblies for their pay? Why would this upset the colonists? (pg. 161)
 18. What did the move of troops from the frontier to the coast tell the colonists? (pg. 161)
 19. What were the pros and cons of not complying with the Townsend Acts? [ID](pg. 161)
 20. What idea was beginning to form in the minds of the colonists after the passing of the Townsend Acts? HINT: Ben Franklin tried to do it in 1754 with the Albany Plan. [ID] (pg. 162)
 21. What caused the South to finally join with the North and adopt nonimportation agreements? (pg. 163)
 22. We will discuss the Boston Massacre in class. However, what American ideal do you think was born in the trial of the British soldiers? (pg. 164)
 23. What was the main purpose of the Committees of Correspondence? (pg. 166)
 24. What events were the Regulators responding to? (pg. 169)
 25. How was civil war avoided in South Carolina? (pg. 169)
 26. How is the idea of liberty in conflict with the idea of slavery? (pg. 170)
 27. Be able to explain the connection between the Tea Act, Boston Tea Party and Intolerable Acts. (pgs. 171-174)
 28. What did the First Continental Congress agree to? (pg. 175)
 29. Why was nonexportation more damaging to the British than nonimportation? (pg. 175)
- THE REST OF CHAPTER 5 WILL BE INCLUDED IN CHAPTER 6'S QUESTIONS